Office of Utilities Regulation

Consumer Affairs Unit

Quarterly Performance Report

2020 April - June

Publication Date: 2020 September 14



36 Trafalgar Road, Kingston 10

Consumer Affairs Unit Quarterly Performance Report

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The Role and Objectives of the OUR

The Office of Utilities Regulation Act of 1995 established the Office of Utilities Regulation (**OUR**) as a body corporate. Under the Act, the OUR is charged with the responsibility of regulating the provision of utility services in the electricity, telecommunications and water and sewerage sectors. The objectives are to:

- Ensure that consumers of utility services enjoy an acceptable quality of service at a reasonable cost;
- Establish and maintain transparent, consistent and objective rules for the regulation of utility service providers;
- Promote the long-term efficient provision of utility services for national development consistent with Government policy;
- Provide an avenue of appeal for consumers who have grievances with the utility service providers;
- Work with other related agencies in the promotion of a sustainable environment; and, act independently and impartially.

The Consumer and Public Affairs Department

Through the Consumer and Public Affairs (CPA) Department, the OUR discharges its mandate to protect utility consumers. The Consumer Affairs Unit, the Public Affairs Unit (PAU) and the OUR Information Centre (OURIC) all comprise the CPA Department. This Department is the section of the OUR that directly interfaces with utility consumers and one of its main responsibilities is to investigate appeals of decisions made by utility service providers brought by aggrieved consumers.

The Consumer Affairs Unit (CAU)

Among other things, the CAU receives, records and processes consumer complaints and appeals, monitors trends in consumer complaints and provides the Office with advice on measures to be taken to improve consumers' welfare.

The CAU uses as a primary input to its policy development and advice to the Office, the results of analyses of the complaints received from customers about the services provided by the

companies. Feedback from consumers at town meetings, public for and the media are also key sources for opinions and activities of utility services.

A consumer survey which seeks consumer feedback on a range of consumer issues is conducted every 18 - 24 months. Additionally, a public education programme is pursued which includes organizing consultations with stakeholders on pertinent regulatory matters.

The PAU manages the public education programme, media relations and the website while the Information Centre (OURIC), *inter alia*, provides information in keeping with the requirements of the Access to Information Act. The OUR, through the CPA department also funds the activities of the Consumer Advisory Committee on Utilities (CACU) which was established to operate as an independent advocacy group providing critical feedback and support for consumer issues.

The Intent and Purpose of the Quarterly Performance Report

The Quarterly Performance Report (QPR) is prepared by the Consumer Affairs Unit (CAU) and provides the public with information and analysis about the contacts received from utility providers. The information includes: the number of customer contacts received over the review period; JPS and NWC's performance against the Guaranteed Standards; utilities' responsiveness to our appeals process; and the performance of the Unit against the Appeals Process timelines.

The QPR is intended to be a fair, reasonable and transparent report of the above-mentioned activities. The statistics for each reporting period is gathered from our Customer Information Database and is reflective of the contacts received from utility consumers island-wide. These contacts are received via various channels, namely: letters, telephone, walk-in, e-mails, fax and social media.

Methods of Calculation

The methods of calculation used include: summation, quarterly and year-on-year comparisons. The resort latterly to normalize the numbers of contacts by expressing this as per the customer base reflects our allowance for fair comparisons. Consequently, the report cites the number of contacts per 100,000 of the service provider's customer base. Even so, it is recognized that the telecommunications sector with its heterogeneous customer bases presents a peculiarity for

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comparison with the water and electricity utilities that have more homogenous customer bases. The information should be interpreted as a sample, or statistical representation of the intake to the Unit.

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Executive Summary

The number of contacts to the CAU for the 2020 April – June quarter increased by 91% (to 1,974) over the preceding period. The data indicate increases in the main categories for customer contact, when compared to the preceding period, with the most significant increases relating to: *Billing Matters* (168%), *Disconnection* (125%), and *Terms and Conditions of Service* (113%).

The following shows the distribution of contacts per service providers¹:

- Jamaica Public Service Company Ltd. (JPS) -898 (45%)
- National Water Commission (NWC) 375 (19%)
- Cable & Wireless Jamaica Ltd. (Flow) -357 (18%)
- Columbus Communications (Flow) 181 (9%)
- Digicel -70 (4%)
- Private water and/or sewerage providers CanCara Development Ltd., Dairy Springs Ltd.,
 DEML, Drax Hall Utilities Ltd., Runaway Bay Water Company Ltd., and St. Jago Hills
 Development Company Ltd.; small telecommunications providers, Dekal Wireless and
 XtriNet and Other (Not Utility Provider Related) 93 (5%).

While JPS at 898, accounted for the most contacts, Figure 1 shows that C&WJ (Flow) accounted for the highest number—at 206 per 100,000 — in proportion to its internet customer base.

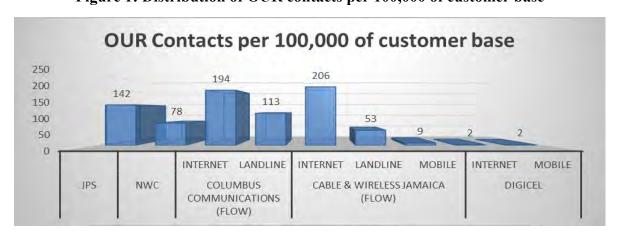


Figure 1: Distribution of OUR contacts per 100,000 of customer base

¹ Details on contact distribution per service provider can be seen in Table 5 on page 23.

Billing matters, at 57%, continued to be the main reason for utility consumers contacting the CAU. JPS and NWC with 669 (34%) and 284 (14%) of contacts respectively, accounted for the highest number of billing related matters.

As is shown in Figure 2, JPS at 108, accounted for the highest number of billing related contacts per 100,000 of its customer base. Columbus Communication's (Flow) internet service and NWC followed with 61 and 60 contacts respectively, per 100,000 of their customer base.

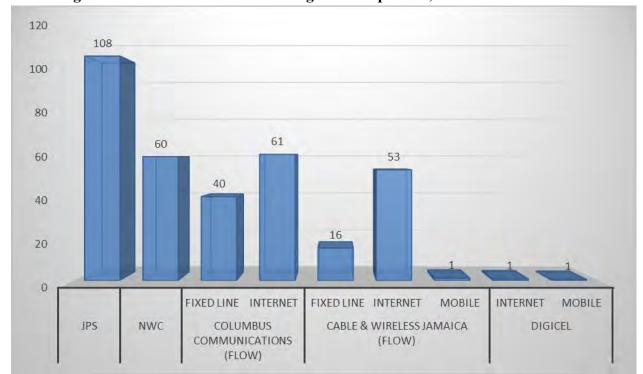


Figure 2: Distribution of OUR billing contacts per 100,000 of customer base

In keeping with the usual trend, service interruption issues, at 12% of total contacts, remained the second highest reason for customer contact to the CAU.

Chapter 1: Utilities' Responsiveness

(i) Acknowledgements

During the 2020 April – June quarter, eighteen (18) new appeals were accepted for investigation with Can-Cara, NWC and JPS accounting for one (1), seven (7) and ten (10) respectively. Requests for information (case letters) were sent for all new appeals accepted.

Based on the established Service Level Agreements (SLAs), both JPS and NWC agreed to acknowledge the OUR's case letters within five (5) business days. As is shown in Table 1, the performance of the JPS and NWC in relation to acknowledgements fell to 80% and 71% respectively from the perfect scores attained in the previous quarter.

Table 1: Acknowledgement within Standard (5 business days)

Quarters (2020)	JPS	NWC
January - March	100%	100%
April - June	80%	71%

(ii) Response to Case Letters

Service providers are required to provide responses to our case letters within 30 business days. As is seen in Table 2, both DEML and the NWC were compliant, providing the responses that were due within the agreed timeline.

For JPS, six (6) responses were received within the agreed timeline, one (1) response was received outside of the agreed timeline while the responses for the remaining three (3) appeals were not due by the end of the review period.

Table 2: Response to case letters within standard (30 business days)

Quarters (2020)	Can-Cara	JPS	NWC
January – March	N/A	100%	50%
April - June	100%	86%	100%

Chapter 2: Main Customer Concerns

The main reasons for utility customers contacting the CAU related to: billing, interruption of service, terms and conditions of service, disconnection, poor service quality and rebate/refund (Figure 3). Further details on all contacts distributed per category is provided in Table 6.

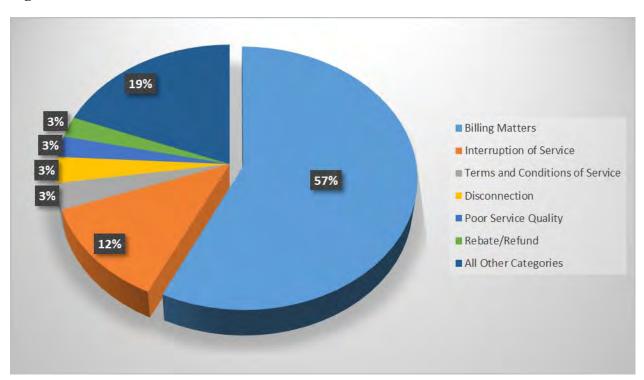


Figure 3: Main Concerns

(i) Billing

Billing matters continued to be the main reason for customer contact during the 2020 April – June quarter, accounting for 57% of total contacts received and a 168% increase over similar contacts received during the preceding quarter. These included high consumption, disputed charges, adjustments to customers' accounts, estimated billing, and billing punctuality.

JPS and NWC continued to account for the most billing contacts with 669 (34%) and 284 (14%) respectively. C&WJ (Flow) and Columbus Communications (Flow) accounted for 87 (4%) and

58 (3%) respectively, while Digicel, Private Water Providers and contacts not utility related accounted for the remaining 30 (1%).

(ii) Interruption of Service

At 12% of total contacts, service interruptions decreased by eight percentage points when compared with the preceding quarter. C&WJ (Flow) with 117 (6%) and Columbus Communications with 57 (3%) accounted for the highest number of related contacts (Figure 4). JPS account for 31 (2%) while NWC, Digicel, small telecommunications providers, small water providers and contacts not utility related accounted for the remaining 1%.

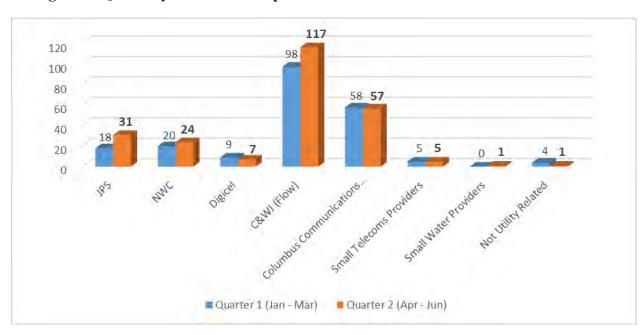


Figure 4: Quarterly service interruption contacts

(iii)Terms and Conditions of Service

Changes made by service providers to the Terms and Conditions of Service (Contract Terms) continued to account for 3% of contacts during the review period. Telecommunications providers C&WJ and Digicel each accounted for 2% and 1% of contacts respectively.

(iv)Disconnection

Similar to the preceding quarter, disconnections accounted for 3% of contacts with JPS and C&WJ accounting for 2% and 1% respectively.

(v) Poor Service Quality

Contacts relating to poor service quality decreased by two percentage point, to 3%, compared to the preceding period. C&WJ (Flow) and Columbus Communications (Flow) each accounted for 1% while Digicel JPS, NWC, small telecommunications providers, small water providers and contacts not utility related each shared the remaining 1%.

(vi)Rebate/Refund

Requests for rebates/refunds realized a one percentage point decrease, to 3%, of total contacts when compared to the preceding quarter. C&WJ and Columbus Communications each accounted for 1% while the remaining 1% was shared among Digicel, JPS, NWC, small telecommunications providers and contacts not utility related.

Chapter 3: Guaranteed Standards Performance

(i) What are the Guaranteed Standards?

The Guaranteed Standards are performance measures that guide the provision of utility services delivered by the NWC, small water providers and the JPS. If the companies fail to honour the agreement, the affected customer is entitled to compensation which is applied as a credit to their account.

(ii) How are customers compensated?

NWC: Compensation for a breach of a standard is four (4) times the applicable service charge OR six (6) times the service charge for those in the special compensation category. Where applicable, customers must submit their claims within 120 days of the breach. Breaches of individual standards will attract compensation of up to six (6) periods of non-compliance.

JPS: Residential customers: equivalent to the reconnection fee; Commercial customers: four (4) times the customer charge. Breaches of individual standards will attract compensation of up to eight (8) periods of non-compliance.

(iii)Quarterly report of breaches

Twenty-four (24) contacts were received from JPS and NWC customers to the OUR in relation to alleged breaches of the Guaranteed Standards. This represented one percent (1%) of total contacts received. JPS and NWC accounted for 19 and 5 contacts respectively, related to alleged Guaranteed Standards breaches.

As shown in Figure 5, Wrongful Disconnection accounted for the highest number of contacts in relation to alleged breaches of the Guaranteed Standards for JPS. For the NWC, Repair/Replacement of Faulty Meter accounted for the highest incidents in relation to alleged breaches of the Guaranteed Standards.

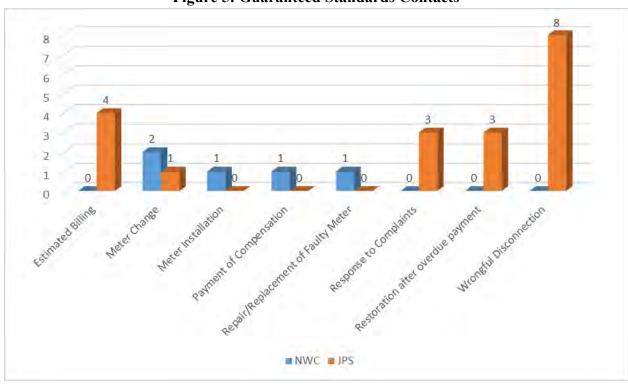


Figure 5: Guaranteed Standards Contacts

The Guaranteed Standards reports submitted by the JPS did not reflect the alleged incidents of breaches reported to the OUR. Accordingly, no compensatory payments were made by JPS in relation to the contacts received by the OUR regarding Guaranteed Standards breaches.

(iv) Utilities' performance on Guaranteed Standards

JPS²

JPS's compliance report on its Guaranteed Standards' performance indicated that 15,969 breaches were committed during the April – June quarter; which represents an increase of 22% when compared with the preceding period. These breaches attracted compensatory payments of approximately \$35 million. However, no compensatory payments were made for the breaches as the JPS advised that it is still awaiting the

² In keeping with its License provisions, JPS advised that is has submitted a request to the Ministry of Science, Energy and Technology for a suspension of the Guaranteed Standards and is awaiting a response.

response from the Ministry of Science, Energy and Technology regarding the request to suspend the Guaranteed Standards resulting from the island being designated a disaster area due to the impact of Covid-19 since 2020 March.

Estimated Bills (which restricts JPS from sending more than two consecutive estimates without a penalty), Connection to Supply (which prescribes the time within which JPS is to make a simple connection) and Reconnection (which requires that JPS restores supply with 24 hours of payment of overdue amounts) accounted for the highest incidents of breaches. These standards accounted for approximately 99% of breaches and compensatory payments, respectively.

NWC

The NWC's Guaranteed Standards compliance report indicates that 753 breaches were committed during this quarter, which represents a 35% increase when compared with the preceding period. These breaches had a potential pay-out of approximately \$2.6 million while actual payments amounted to approximately \$216,000. The actual payments represented 8% of total potential payments and were made by way of automatic credits to the affected accounts. The remaining 92% of potential payments not made, represented those breaches for which the required claim forms were not submitted for validation.

Four NWC Guaranteed Standards were suspended during the review quarter. Two of the suspended Guaranteed Standards namely: WGS 8 – Meter Installation and WGS 10a – Meter Reading) attracted automatic compensation while the other two (WGS 1 – Connection to Supply and WGS 7 – Meter Installation) required the submission of a claim form.

The standards with the highest incidents of breaches for the NWC were: WGS 10a – (which restricts the NWC from sending more than 2 consecutive estimated bills, where it has access to the meter); WGS 7 – Meter Installation (which stipulates that meters should be installed within 30 working days upon request); and WGS 4b – Complaints Investigation (which required NWC to provide a response to complaints within 30 working days). These three standards represented 78% of total breaches.

Chapter 4: Customer Contact Centre/Call Centre Performance Reports

In recognition of the important role of Customer Contact Centres (Call Centres) in customer service delivery, the OUR has deemed it necessary to include a report on the performance of the JPS and NWC Call Centres. Here, focus is placed on the Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) that indicate general customer satisfaction levels for NWC and JPS in this area.

NWC:

The NWC's Call Centre Report for the review period shows a decline in performance in all of the areas examined. As is shown in Table 3, *Percentage Service Level* decreased by thirty percentage points; the maximum time that a customer waited in queue increased by 45 seconds; the average length of calls increased by 4 seconds and the *Percentage of Abandon Calls* increased by six percentage points, when compared with the preceding period.

Table 3: NWC's Call Centre Performance

Performance (2020)

KPIs	KPI Definition	Apr - Jun	Jan - Mar
Percentage Service Level	Percentage of calls answered within 30 seconds ³	57%	87%
Maximum Delay	Maximum time that caller waited in queue	0:19:30	0:18:45
Average Length of	Average length of		
Call (Call Handle Time)	calls	0:06:01	0:5:57
Percentage of Abandon Calls	Percentage of calls not serviced	8%	2%

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³ This represents the measure used by the NWC

JPS:

The performance of JPS's Call Centre also declined during the review period for all areas examined. As is shown in Table 4, the JPS report indicates that 70% of calls were answered within 20 seconds, which fell below the international standard of 80% and JPS's performance target of 82%. JPS required an additional 1:27 seconds on average to complete calls while 24% of calls were abandoned, which was outside of the set target of 8% or less during the reporting period.

JPS advised that based on its analysis on its Call Centre performance for the review period, the decline in performance can be attributed to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. Accordingly, the company is currently exploring initiatives, for implementation, that should result in improvements in its Call Centre performance.

Table 4: JPS Call Centre Performance

Performance 2020

KPIs	KPI Definition	Apr - Jun	Jan - March
Service Level Answer	Percentage of calls answered within 20 seconds ⁴	70%	88%
Average Length of Call (Call Handle Time)	Average length of calls ⁵	5:50	4:23
Percentage of Abandon Calls	Percentage of calls not serviced ⁶	24%	12%

⁴ Goal of 82% set by JPS

⁵ Goal of no more than 5 minutes set by JPS

⁶ Less than or equal to 8%

Chapter 5: Notification of Planned Outages Report

As part of their agreed Quality of Service Standards, the JPS and NWC are required to submit reports on their performance. One such report relates to their performance in notifying customers within a specified timeline about planned outages. This standard is a part of the Overall Standards for JPS (EOS 1) and the performance targets for the NWC.

JPS:

Under EOS 1, JPS is required to notify customers of planned outages, allowing at least 48 hours (2 days) advanced notice. JPS reported an 83% compliance rating for this standard, which represents a 1.2 percentage point decline over the preceding period. However, JPS fell 17 percentage points short of attaining the established target of 100%.

The OUR's Electronic Media Monitoring Report for the review period included a report of an unscheduled power outage which affected approximately 30,000 JPS customers across the parishes of Kingston & St. Andrew, St. Catherine and St. Thomas in April.

NWC:

The NWC performance targets provides for a 98% attainment rate for 12 hours' advance notification of planned service interruptions of a duration of no more than 4 hours. However, where a planned interruption is expected to be for more than four hours, the NWC is required to give advanced notice of at least 24 hours, at a 90% attainment rate.

Based on NWC's notifications to the public, they attained a compliance rating of 76% to provide at least 24 hours' advance notice for disruptions of a duration greater than 4 hours. This compliance rating is ten percentage points less than that achieved in the previous period and 14 percentage points less than the established target. Of the 37 related notifications received, 28 were in compliance with the stated target.

The OUR's Electronic Media Monitoring Report for the review period advised of notifications issued by the NWC which alerted customers of scheduled service disruptions. In addition, the NWC advised of a revised water trucking schedule to affected communities in KSA, St.

Catherine and St. Thomas that were either without their regular supply or have experienced increased supply disruptions.

Chapter 6: Customer Contact Distribution

At 61%, the telephone continued to be the most frequently used method for customers contacting the OUR's Consumer Affairs Unit. Emails followed with 37%. Letters and social media⁷ contacts accounted for the remaining 3% of contacts. Figure 6 provides further details.

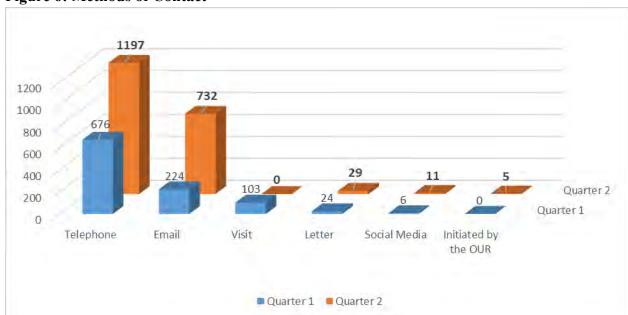


Figure 6: Methods of Contact

Geographical Distribution of Contacts

Kingston and St. Andrew, at 31%, continued to account for the highest number of total contacts. St. Catherine followed with 123 while St. James accounted for 7%. St. Ann and Clarendon each accounted for 4%. All other parishes each had a share of 3% or less. Fifteen percent (15%) of the contacts received provided no information on their location/parish or the information was not recorded. Details are provided in Figure 7.

⁷ Represents social media contacts captured by CAU's database only. An additional 233 contacts were received via social media that were not entered into the CAU's database.

■ KSA St. Catherine ■ St. James 31% St. Ann ■ Clarendon St. Elizabeth 2% ■ Manchester 2% St. Mary St. Thomas 3% ■ Westmoreland ■ Trelawny 4% ■ Hanover 7% Portland ■ Not Provided

Figure 7: Geographic Distribution of Contacts

Chapter 6: Appeals Performance

(i) Closure of Appeals ⁸

Eleven (11) appeals were closed during the review period of which 10 (91%) were resolved in favour of the service provider while the remaining one (1) was resolved in the customer's favour. Additionally, seven (64%) of the eleven appeals were resolved within the established sixty-five (65) working days while the remaining 36% exceeded the established timeline.

(ii) Outstanding Appeals⁹

At the end of the review period, eight (8) appeals remained outstanding, in that they exceeded the established 65 business days for resolution. Seven (7) of the outstanding appeals are awaiting OUR's action while the remaining one is awaiting JPS's response.

JPS accounts for six (6) of the outstanding appeals which relate to two (2) equipment damage, one (1) property damage and three (3) billing related matters. The two NWC outstanding appeals are in relation to billing matters.

Appeals Process Resolution Rate

Eighteen (18) new appeals were accepted for investigation for which: all relevant information for five (5) were received within the established timeline; three (3) responses remain outstanding while the timeline for the remaining ten responses had not expired.

Final decisions were made and communicated to customers (by way of Final Letters), within the established 65 working days, for the five (100%) responses received. Further details on the CAU's performance on some key Appeals Process activity are provided in Table 9.

⁸ Breakdown of Appeals Closures can be seen in Table 7

⁹ Breakdown of Outstanding Appeals can be seen in Table 8

Chapter 7: Consumer Affairs Highlights

(i) Credits/Compensation

The sum of \$862,353.37 was secured for utility customers through the invention of CAU. Of this sum, the NWC paid out the highest share of \$816,953.28 (95%), JPS and C&WJ each account for 2% while the remaining 1% Columbus Communications (Flow) accounted for the remaining 1% of credits/compensation to customers.

(ii) OUR Investigated High Billing Complaints from JPS Customers

The OUR, having recognized the notable increase in the number of contacts, as well as the public outcry in various media channels from JPS customers relating to significant spikes in their electricity bills, commenced an investigation into the complaints.

As part of its investigation, the OUR is assessing, inter alia:

- (i) The impact of each component of the JPS bill on total consumption charges;
- (ii) JPS's billing practices compliance level with existing quality control procedures; and
- (iii)The effect of any increased billing resulting from increased billing days in excess of 30 days.

The OUR will, following on its internal investigation, identify the areas of focus for any further investigation to be conducted by an independent Consultant.

List of Tables: 2020 April - June

Table 5: Contact Activity Summary (All Utilities)

				C	&WJ (FLOV	V)	Colu	mbus		Digicel		Small	Small	OUR/Other	
												Telecoms	Water	(Not Utility	
	Description	JPS	NWC	Internet	Landline	Mobile	Internet	Landline	Internet	Landline	Mobile	Provider	Provider	Provider	Total
Α	Contacts for the Quarter														
(i)	New Appeals	10	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	18
(ii)	New Complaints	143	71	54	55	21	85	21	13	0	11	2	3	3	482
(iii)	New Enquires	105	34	3	4	6	5	2	0	0	5	1	4	16	185
(iv)	New Opinions	12	7	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	22
(v)	New Referrals	628	256	104	64	45	61	5	12	1	28	8	3	52	1267
	Total Contacts	898	375	162	123	72	153	28	25	1	44	11	11	71	1974
В	Closure/Resolution of Appeals:														
(i)	Resolved in Favour of the Customer	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
(ii)	Resolved in Favour of Utility	5	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	10
	Total Closures	5	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	11
С	Total Appeals from Previous Periods:														
	Outstanding Appeals with OUR														
(i)	Undergoing Analysis/Determination	5	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7
	Outstanding Appeals with Utility														
(ii)	(Awaiting Responses)	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	Total Outstanding Appeals	6	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8

Table 6: Distribution of Contacts by Categories

					Service Provi	ders			
Complaint Category	JPS	NWC	Digicel	C&WJ (FLOW)	Columbus Communications (Flow)	Small Telcoms Providers (Dekal Wireless, XtriNet)	Small Water/Sewerage Providers (include: CanCara, St. Jago Hills, DEML)	OUR/Other (not utility related)	Total
Billing Matters	669	284	19	87	58	0	6	5	1128
Broken Main	0	7	0	0	0	0	1		8
Customer Service	2	0	1	3	1	0	0	0	7
Defective Street Lights	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
Disconnection	38	2	2	16	4	1	0	0	63
Equipment Damage	15	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	16
Guaranteed Standards	19	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	24
Guaranteed Standards Query	3	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	7
Health & Safety	25	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	28
Illegal Connections	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9
Interruption of Service	31	24	7	117	57	5	1	1	243
Irregular Supply	1	19	0	0	0	0	0	0	20
Leak at Meter	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Metering	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Mobile Credit Depletion	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	0	9
Number Portability	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	2
Other	43	12	15	32	10	1	0	60	173
Payment Arrangement	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	4
Phone Cards	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
Poor Service Quality	9	3	2	16	18	1	1	1	51
Property Damage	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
RAMI Service Connection & CDU	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
Reconnection	6	0	0	5	2	0	0	0	13
Rebate/Refund	5	1	4	21	16	1	0	2	50
Service Connection	7	2	1	5	4	0	0	0	19
Terms and Condition of Service	1	1	19	40	2	0	1	0	64
Unable to get through to Provider	2	6	0	1	8	2	0	1	20
Unavailability of Service - No Facility	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Total	898	375	70	357	181	11	11	71	1974

Table 7: Distribution of Closed Appeals by Utilities

	Serv			
Appeal Category	Can-Cara	Total		
Billing Matters	1	3	5	9
Equipment Damage	0	2	0	2
Total	1	5	5	11

Table 8: Distribution of Appeals (Outstanding)

	Service F		
Appeal Category	JPS	NWC	Total
Billing Matters	3	2	5
Equipment Damage	2	0	2
Property Damage	1	0	1
Total	6	2	8

Table 9: CAU's Performance on Service Standards (New Appeals)

Activity	Service Standards	% Compliance	Comment
Acknowledgement of Appeals	Within 2 business days of receipt of customer's correspondence	89%	Sixteen (16) of the 18 new appeals were acknowledged within the established timeline.
Case Letters/ Other Utility Contact	Within 5 business days of acknowledging customer's correspondence	89%	Sixteen (16) of 18 Case Letters were dispatched within the stipulated 5 business days.
Correspondence Copied to Customer	Customer is to be copied on all correspondence submitted to the utilities pertaining to their complaint	100%	
Final Response	Within the established timeline of receipt of all necessary information from relevant parties	100%	Final responses were prepared and dispatched within the established timeline for the five appeals for which all relevant information was received.

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Figure 1: Distribution of Contacts per 100,000 of Customer Base

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Appendix I: Definition Of Terms Used In Documenting Customer Contacts

Appeal: Any contact in which the utility company has completed an investigation

into a customer's complaint, the customer remains dissatisfied with the outcome and writes to the OUR asking for an independent investigation of

the matter.

Complaint: Any contact from consumers who feel that particular action(s) of a utility

service provider might have been in breach of their Terms and Conditions or might have been unfair to them. The OUR provides investigation for complaints as is necessary. Acceptance of complaints does not require

submission of a written response from the service provider.

Customer Contact: Any contact made to the OUR to register an appeal, inquiry, opinion, etc.

Contact can be made through the telephone, post, electronic channels

(emails, website, and Facebook page) and visits.

Enquiry: Any contact requiring verification/confirmation of information relating to

the OUR, a utility service, policy and/or practice, etc.

Equipment Damage: Damage caused to customers' equipment as a result of alleged action or

inaction of their service provider.

Interruption of

Service: Where no service is provided, usually for an extended period.

Irregular supply: Where service is not provided regularly and in keeping with the Terms and

Conditions of Service/Contract.

Opinion: Any contact expressing a view about the actions, practice or terms of

service, etc. of a utility company or the OUR.

Referral: Any contact advised by the OUR to consult the relevant utility company

because the complainant had not initially utilized or exhausted the

complaint procedure within the relevant utility company.

Refund: Amounts credited to customers' accounts for breaches of the service

provider's Terms and Conditions of Service/Contract

Resolution: Where the OUR communicates its decision on customers' appeals and

complaints

Resolution Rate: The percentage of resolutions that are made within the established

timelines

Appendix 2: Statement on Confidentiality of Telecommunications Service Provider Information

Information on the customer base of the telecommunication companies was used in some of the calculations contained in the QPR, pursuant to Section 7A of the Telecommunication Act – Amended. The referenced section states, in part:

- "...the following information is not required to be regarded and dealt with as secret and confidential namely -
 - (a) information that will facilitate customers in their choice of facilities or specified services and the development of the telecommunications industry; and
 - (b) information relating to the
 - (i) quality of service measurements;
 - (ii) prices charged to customers or to other licensees;
 - (iii) network coverage of licensees;
 - (iv) market share of licensees;
 - (v) volume of services of licensees however measured
 - (vi) subscriber base of licensees; and
 - (vii) capacity and usage of international submarine cables

Appendix 3: Appeals Process

The activities of utility companies are guided by "terms and conditions" within their license and/or Act. There are occasions, however, when consumers feel that particular action(s) of a utility company might have been in breach of the utility's "terms and conditions" or might have been unfair to them. In such circumstances, the OUR is an avenue for recourse in having any such wrong investigated and addressed through our appeals process.

Prior to submitting an appeal to the OUR, consumers are expected and encouraged to first take the complaint, or issues giving rise to the complaint, up to the level of a senior officer at the respective utility company. The hearing of grievances is a consumer's right and utilities are obliged to review such matters with the aim of having the issue addressed or clarified.

Appendix 4: CAU Internal Performance Standards

Process Timeline for General Appeals

<u>Description</u>	<u>Timelines</u>
Acknowledging correspondence &	
Assigning Appeal	2 (Two) working days
Case Letter Preparation	5 (Five) working days
Receive JPS' Response/Update	30 working days ¹⁰
Review of Provider Response & prepare	
Follow-Up (F/U) Case letter	
or issue Directive (where necessary)	10 working days
Receive response to F/U Case Letter	5 (Five) working days
Review Response to	
F/U Case Letter	5 (Five) working days ¹¹
Final Letter Preparation (Draft)	5 (Five) working days
Supervisor's Review of Final Letter	2 (Two) working days
Dispatch Final Letter	1 working day
Total	65 working days

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¹⁰ Where, based on exceptional circumstances, JPS requires additional time to provide the response to a Case Letter, same is to be communicated to the OUR within five (5) working days of the Case Letter date. The rationale for the additional time must be outlined in the request. The OUR will provide a response to the request within two (2) working days.

¹¹ Subsequent to the review of the providers' response to OUR's Case Letter, Follow-up Case Letter or Directive issued, the appeal may be escalated to the Supervisor, Manager or Director and would then be treated as a Special Appeal.

Special Appeals

There are appeals that, based on the nature of the issue, may require expertise and/or resources that do not reside in the designated units of the OUR and JPS to effectively resolve same. Accordingly, the classification of "Special Appeals" was revised to provide additional time to both parties to complete their investigation of these matters.

Where necessary, an additional fifteen (15) working days is allotted to JPS to respond to Follow-up Case Letters sent by the OUR. These appeals will thereafter be reclassified as Special Appeals. The OUR has also reduced its consultation time to review Special Appeals from twenty (20) to fifteen (15) working days. Accordingly, the total time allotted to complete the review of a Special Appeal for JPS is at 95 working days

Recommended Service Levels

- 1. JPS is expected to respond to <u>OUR's Case Letters</u> regarding customer's appeals within <u>thirty (30)</u> <u>working days</u> of receipt. The company is also expected to acknowledge receipt of our Case Letters within five (5) working days of receipt.
- 2. JPS is expected to respond to the OUR's follow-up case letter within FIVE (5) working days of receipt for General appeals. However, where necessary, JPS shall notify the OUR within FIVE (5) working days of receipt of the Follow-up Case letter that additional time is required to provide the response. Such Appeals shall then be reclassified as a Special Appeal with the JPS being allotted a total of twenty (20) working days to provide the response, from the date of the Follow-up Case Letter.
- 3. The OUR's Final Letter to the customer is to be dispatched within <u>eighteen (18) working days</u> of receipt of utilities' response (where no Follow-up Case Letter was sent). JPS will be provided with a copy of the Final Letter.
- 4. The OUR is expected to complete investigations of JPS appeals within the following timelines:
 - > <u>Sixty-five (65) working days</u> for GENERAL APPEALS (which do not require external consultation)
 - Ninety-five (95) working days for Equipment Damage Appeals (which do not require external consultation)
- 5. The Utility company is to extend the hold on the customer's account for THIRTY (30) days subsequent to receiving OUR's final response to allow the customer to make arrangements for the balances that are outstanding and/or give the customer time to appeal to the Director Consumer & Public Affairs.

Appendix 5: Process Timelines for NWC Appeals

<u>Description</u>	<u>Timelines</u>
Acknowledging correspondence &	
Assigning Appeal	2 working days

Case Letter Preparation	5 working days
Receive NWC's Response/Update	30 working days
Review of Provider Response & prepare Follow-Up (F/U) Case letter	
or issue Directive (where necessary)	10 working days
Receive response to F/U Case Letter	5 working days
Review Response to F/U Case Letter	5 working days ¹²
Final Letter Preparation (Draft)	5 working days
Supervisor's Review of Final Letter	2 working days
Dispatch Final Letter	1 working day
Total	65 working days

Special Appeals

There are appeals that, based on the nature of the issue, may require expertise and/or resources that do not reside in the designated units of the OUR and NWC to effectively resolve same. Accordingly, the classification of "Special Appeals" was revised to provide additional time to both parties to complete their investigation of these matters.

Where necessary, an additional five (5) working days is allotted to the NWC to respond to Follow-up Case Letters sent by the OUR. These appeals will thereafter be reclassified as Special Appeals. The OUR has also reduced its time to review Special Appeal from twenty (20) to fifteen (15) working days; thereby retaining the completion timeline for Special Appeals at 85 working days.

Other Appeals Activities:

Monthly reports detailing the appeals for which the responses are outstanding will be generated and sent to the NWC. Where the responses/updates are not received within ten (10) working days of submission of the report, the matter will be escalated to the Vice President – Investment and Performance Monitoring, NWC, for action. Similarly, the CAU will provide NWC with a monthly update on appeals for which our responses are outstanding.

As a consequence, the following are the proposed Service Level Agreements (SLAs) to which the utility companies will be accountable. It is being recommended that the following be agreed upon by all parties and published:

¹² Subsequent to the review of the providers' response to OUR's Case Letter, Follow-up Case Letter or Directive issued, the appeal may be escalated to the Supervisor, Manager or Director and would then be treated as a Special Appeal.

Recommended Service Levels

NWC is expected to respond to <u>OUR's Case Letters</u> regarding customer's appeals within <u>thirty (30)</u> <u>working days</u> of receipt. The Commission is also expected to acknowledge receipt of our Case Letters within five (5) working days.

NWC is expected to respond to the <u>OUR's follow-up case letter</u> within <u>FIVE (5) working days</u> of receipt for General appeals. However, where necessary, the NWC shall notify the OUR within FIVE (5) working days of receipt of the Follow-up Case letter that additional time is required to provide the response. Such Appeals shall then be reclassified as a Special Appeal with the NWC being allotted a total of ten (10) working days to provide the response, from the date of the Follow-up Case Letter.

The OUR's Final Letter to the customer is to be dispatched within **EIGHTEEN (18) working days** of receipt of the NWC's response (where no Follow-up Case Letter was sent). The NWC will be provided with a copy of the Final Letter.

The OUR is expected to complete investigations of NWC appeals within the following timelines:

- > <u>SIXTY-FIVE (65) working days</u> for GENERAL APPEALS (which do not require external consultation)
- ➤ <u>EIGHTY-FIVE (85) working days</u> for SPECIAL APPEALS (Appeals which require external consultation)

The Utility company is to extend the hold on the customer's account for thirty (30) days subsequent to receiving OUR's final response to allow the customer to make arrangements for the balances that are outstanding and/or give the customer time to appeal to the Director – Consumer & Public Affairs.

Appendix 6: List of Acronyms

Can Cara — Can Cara Development Limited (Water & Sewerage Provider)

CPA - Consumer and Public Affairs Department (OUR)

CAU - Consumer Affairs Unit (OUR)

DEML - Dynamic Environmental Management Limited (Water and Sewerage

Provider)

Dekal - Dekal Wireless Ltd. (Telecommunications Provider)

Flow - Columbus Communications Jamaica Ltd. (Flow) - Telecommunication

Service

Provider

FLOW - Cable & Wireless Jamaica Ltd. (C&WJ) Flow

JPS - Jamaica Public Service Company Ltd. (Electricity Provider)

KSA - Kingston & St. Andrew

NWC - National Water Commission (Water & Sewerage Provider)

OUR - Office of Utilities Regulation

OURIC - Office of Utilities Regulation Information Centre

The Office - Comprises 6 members and is headed by a Chairman with the Director

General serving as an *ex officio* member