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# Office of Utilities Regulation

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Consumer Affairs Unit

## Quarterly Performance Report

2022 July - September

Publication Date: 2022 December 16



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**OFFICE OF UTILITIES REGULATION**

36 Trafalgar Road, Kingston 10

**Consumer Affairs Unit Quarterly Performance Report**

**Document Number: 2022/GEN/038/QPR.003**

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## **The Role and Objectives of the OUR**

The Office of Utilities Regulation Act of 1995 established the Office of Utilities Regulation (OUR) as a body corporate. Under the Act, the OUR is charged with regulating the provision of utility services in the electricity, telecommunications and water and sewerage sectors. The objectives are to:

- Ensure that consumers of utility services enjoy an acceptable quality of service at a reasonable cost;
- Establish and maintain transparent, consistent and objective rules for the regulation of utility service providers;
- Promote the long-term efficient provision of utility services for national development consistent with Government policy;
- Provide an avenue of appeal for consumers who have grievances with the utility service providers;
- Work with other related agencies to promote a sustainable environment; and act independently and impartially.

## **The Consumer and Public Affairs Department**

Through the Consumer and Public Affairs (CPA) Department, the OUR discharges its mandate to protect utility consumers. The Consumer Affairs Unit, the Public Affairs Unit (PAU) and the OUR Information Centre (OURIC) all comprise the CPA Department. This Department is the section of the OUR that directly interfaces with utility consumers and one of its main responsibilities is to investigate appeals of decisions made by utility service providers brought by aggrieved consumers.

## **The Consumer Affairs Unit (CAU)**

Among other things, the CAU receives, records and processes utility consumer complaints and appeals, monitors trends in consumer complaints and provides the Office with advice on measures to be taken to improve consumers' welfare.

The CAU uses as a primary input to its policy development and advice to the Office, the results of analyses of the complaints received from customers about the services provided by the utility companies. Feedback from consumers at town meetings, public fora and the media are also key sources for opinions and activities of utility services.

A consumer survey which seeks consumer feedback on a range of consumer issues is conducted every 18 - 24 months. Additionally, a public education programme is pursued which includes organizing consultations with stakeholders on pertinent regulatory matters.

The PAU manages the public education programme, media relations and the website while the Information Centre (OURIC), *inter alia*, provides information in keeping with the requirements of the Access to Information Act. The OUR, through the CPA department also funds the activities of the Consumer Advisory Committee on Utilities (CACU) which was established to operate as an independent advocacy group providing critical feedback and support for consumer issues.

### **The Intent and Purpose of the Quarterly Performance Report**

The Quarterly Performance Report (QPR) is prepared by the Consumer Affairs Unit (CAU) and provides the public with information and analysis about the contacts received from utility providers. The information includes: the number of customer contacts received over the review period; JPS and NWC's performance against the Guaranteed Standards; utilities' responsiveness to our appeals process; and the performance of the Unit against the Appeals Process timelines.

The QPR is intended to be a fair, reasonable and transparent report of the above-mentioned activities. The statistics for each reporting period are gathered from our Customer Information Database and are reflective of the contacts received from utility consumers island-wide. These contacts are received via various channels, namely: letters, telephone, walk-ins, e-mails, fax and social media.

### **Methods of Calculation**

The methods of calculation used include summation, quarterly and year-on-year comparisons. The resort latterly to normalize the numbers of contacts by expressing this as per the customer base reflects our allowance for fair comparisons. Consequently, the report cites the number of contacts per 100,000 of the service provider's customer base. Even so, it is recognized that the telecommunications sector with its heterogeneous customer bases presents a peculiarity for comparison with the water and electricity utilities that have more homogenous customer bases.

The information should be interpreted as a sample or statistical representation of the intake to the Unit.

Requests for additional details or any comments regarding this document should be directed to:

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## Executive Summary

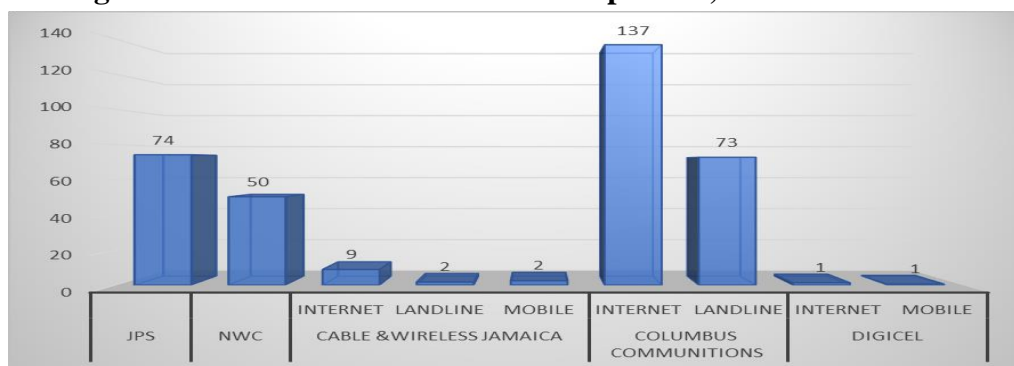
The 2022 July - September period, saw the CAU receiving 993 contacts which represented a 22% decrease when compared to the preceding period. The data show that the most significant decreases were in the complaint categories of: *Disconnection (-44%), Irregular Supply (-42%), Billing Matters (-25%), Interruption of Service (-14%), Guaranteed Standard (-14%) and Poor Quality of Service (-4%)* when compared with the preceding period. The sole significant increase, when compared with the preceding period, was seen in the Health and Safety (91%) complaint category.

The following shows the distribution of contacts per service provider<sup>1</sup>:

- Jamaica Public Service Company Ltd. (JPS) – 512 (52%)
- National Water Commission (NWC) – 268 (27%)
- Cable & Wireless Jamaica Ltd. (Flow) – 31 (3%)
- Columbus Communications (Flow) – 126 (13%)
- Digicel – 29 (2%)
- Private Telecommunications Provider (Logic One), Private Water and Sewerage Service Provider (DEML) and Other (Not Utility Provider Related) –27 (1%).

While JPS at 512 accounted for the most contacts, Figure 1 shows that Columbus Communications (Flow) accounted for the highest number – at 137 per 100,000 – in proportion to its internet customer base.

**Figure 1: Distribution of OUR contacts per 100,000 of customer base**

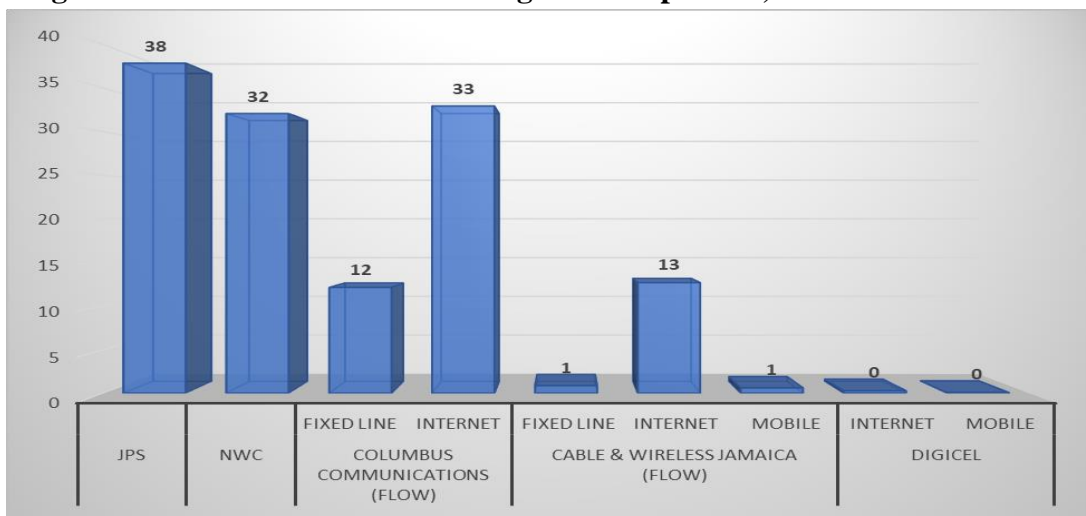


<sup>1</sup> Details on contact distribution per service provider can be seen in Table 7 on page 26.

Billing matters, at 47%, continued to be the main reason utility consumers contacted the CAU, representing a three-percentage point decrease when compared to the preceding period. JPS and NWC with 261 (26%) and 171 (17%) contacts respectively, accounted for the highest number of billing-related matters.

As shown in Figure 2, JPS at 38 per 100,000 of its customer base accounted for the highest number of billing-related contacts. FLOW's internet service and NWC each followed with 33 and 32 contacts per 100,000 of their customer bases respectively.

**Figure 2: Distribution of OUR billing contacts per 100,000 of customer base**



Service interruption issues, at 16% of total contacts, remained the second highest reason for customer contact to the CAU.



## Chapter 1: Utilities' Responsiveness

### (i) Acknowledgements

Three (3) new appeals were accepted for investigation over the review period, two (2) regarding JPS matters, and one (1) pertaining to the NWC Requests for information (case letters) were sent for all new appeals accepted.

Based on the established Service Level Agreements (SLAs), both JPS and NWC agreed to acknowledge the OUR's case letters within five (5) business days. As shown in Table 1, both JPS and the NWC were fully compliant in submitting their acknowledgements within the agreed timeline.

**Table 1: Acknowledgement within Standard (5 business days)**

<i>Quarters (2022)</i>	<b>JPS</b>	<b>NWC</b>
<i>January - March</i>	100%	100%
<i>April - June</i>	100%	100%
<i>July - September</i>	100%	100%

### (ii) Response to Case Letters

Service providers are required to provide responses to case letters within 30 business days. As is seen in Table 2, both JPS and NWC attained a perfect score in submitting their responses within the agreed timeline.

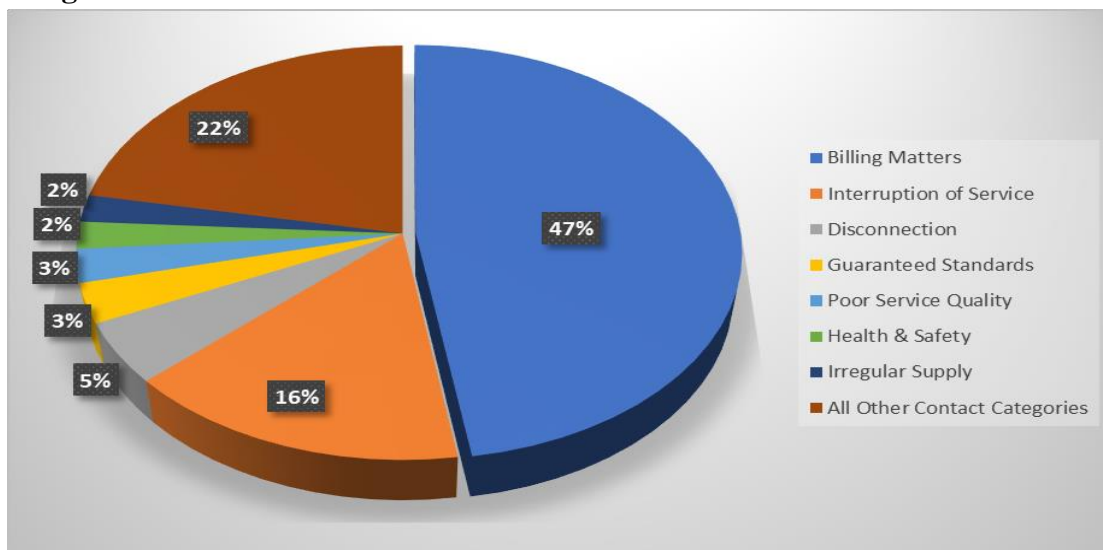
**Table 2: Response to case letters within standard (30 business days)**

<i>Quarters (2022)</i>	<b>JPS</b>	<b>NWC</b>
<i>January – March</i>	100%	100%
<i>April - June</i>	100%	100%
<i>July - September</i>	100%	100%

## Chapter 2: Main Customer Concerns

The main reasons for utility customers contacting the CAU related to Billing, Interruption of Service, Disconnection, Guaranteed Standards, Poor Service Quality, Health and Safety and Irregular Supply (Figure 3). Further details on all contacts distributed per category are provided in Table 8.

**Figure 3: Main Concerns**



### (i) Billing

Billing matters continued to be the main reason for customer contact, accounting for 47% of total contacts. These matters included high consumption, disputed charges, adjustments to customers' accounts, and estimated billing.

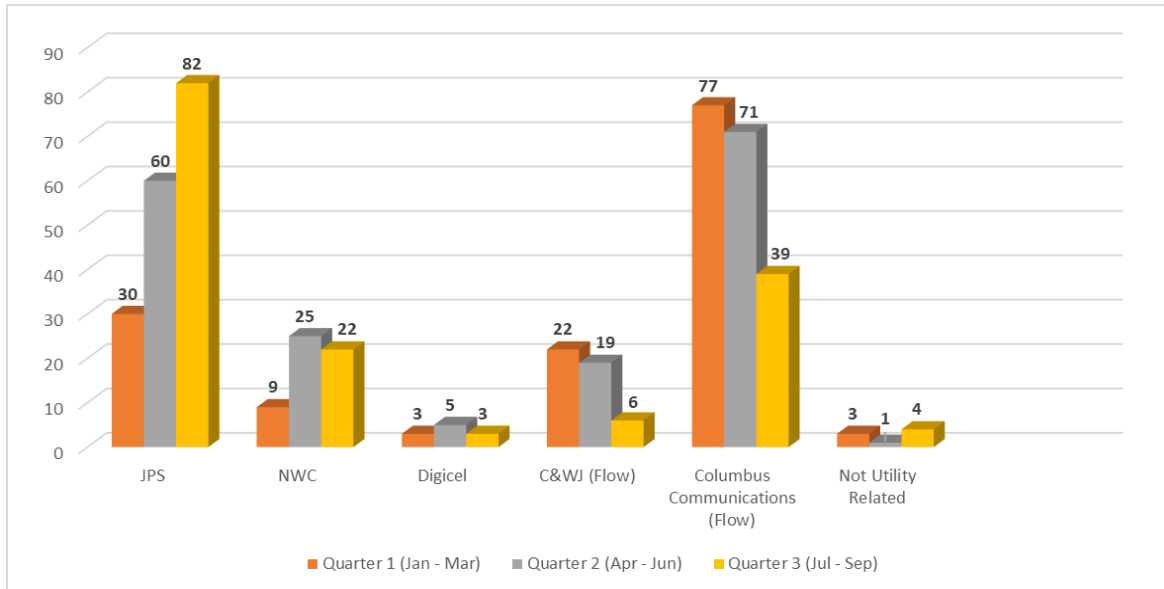
JPS and NWC continue to account for the most billing contacts with 261 (26%) and 171 (17%), respectively. Columbus Communications (Flow) accounted for 29 (2%) while C&WJ (Flow) and Digicel accounted for the remaining 11 (1%).

### (ii) Interruption of Service

Service interruption accounted for 16% of contacts, representing a two-percentage point increase over the preceding quarter. As seen in Figure 4, JPS with 82 (8%), Columbus Communications (Flow) with 39 (4%) and NWC with 22 (2%) respectively, accounted for the highest number of

related contacts. C&WJ (Flow) with 6, Digicel with 3 and Other/Not Utility Related accounted for the remaining 2% of contacts.

**Figure 4: Quarterly Service Interruption Contacts**



### (iii) Disconnection

Contacts relating to disconnection decreased by two percentage points to 5% over the previous period. JPS accounted for the highest instances of disconnection contacts at 2%. NWC and Columbus Communications (Flow), each accounted for 1% while C&WJ (Flow), and Digicel shared the remaining 1%.

### (iv) Poor Service Quality

Poor service quality contacts increased by one percentage point to 3% over the preceding period. JPS and Columbus Communications (Flow) each accounted for 1% while NWC and Digicel shared the remaining 1%.

### (v) Health & Safety

With a 91% increase over the preceding period, health and safety issues accounted for 2% of total contacts and were from JPS customers only. These contacts related to risks posed by alleged dislocated JPS poles and fires on the lines.

### (vi) Irregular Supply

Irregular supply accounted for 1% of contacts which were attributable to JPS and NWC.

## Chapter 3: Guaranteed Standards Performance

### (i) What are the Guaranteed Standards?

The Guaranteed Standards (GS) are performance measures that guide the provision of utility services delivered by the NWC, small water providers and the JPS. If the companies fail to honour the agreement, the affected customer is entitled to compensation, which is applied as a credit to their utility account.

### (ii) How are customers compensated?

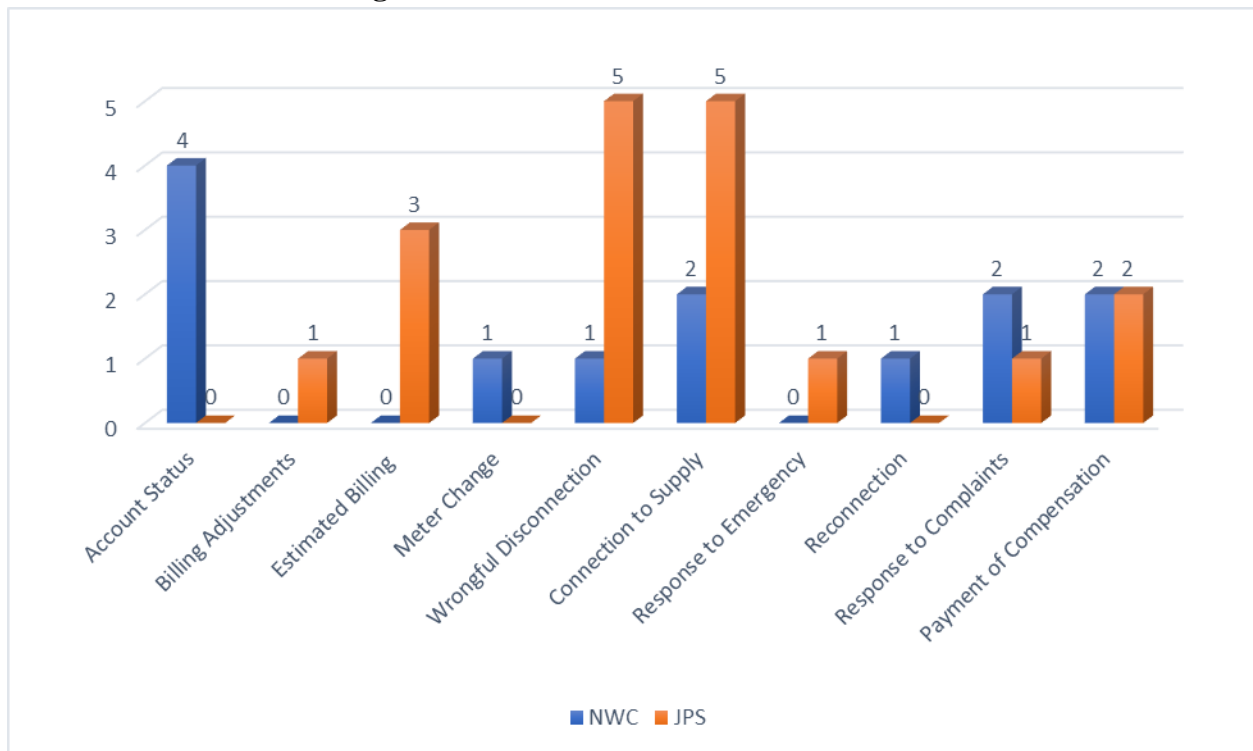
**NWC:** Compensation for a breach of a standard is four (4) times the applicable service charge OR six (6) times the service charge for those in the special compensation category. Where applicable, customers must submit their claims within 120 days of the breach. Breaches of individual standards will attract compensation of up to six (6) periods of non-compliance.

**JPS:** Residential customers: equivalent to the reconnection fee; Commercial customers: four (4) times the customer charge. Breaches of individual standards will attract compensation of up to eight (8) periods of non-compliance.

### (iii) Quarterly report of breaches

The OUR received thirty-one (31) contacts from JPS and NWC customers in relation to alleged breaches of the GS, representing three percent (3%) of the total contacts received. JPS and NWC accounted for eighteen (18) and thirteen (13) contacts respectively.

As is seen in Figure 5, *Connection to Supply* and *Wrongful Disconnection* accounted for the highest number of contacts in relation to alleged breaches of the GS for JPS. For the NWC, Account Status accounted for the highest number of contacts in relation to alleged breaches of the GS.

**Figure 5: Guaranteed Standards Contacts**

The GS reports submitted by the JPS and NWC did not reflect the alleged incidents of breaches reported to the OUR. Accordingly, no compensatory payments were made by the service providers in relation to the contacts received by the OUR regarding GS breaches.

#### (iv) Utilities' performance on Guaranteed Standards

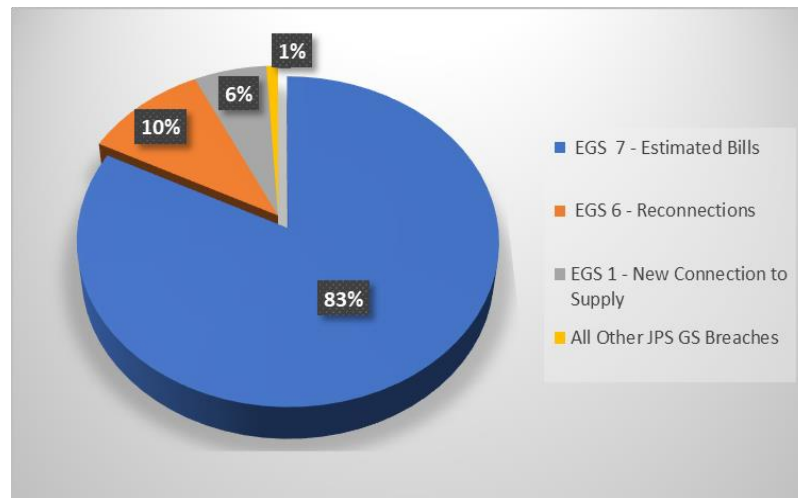
##### **JPS**

For the review period, JPS's compliance report on its GS performance indicated that 10,620 breaches were committed, representing a 15% decrease when compared with the preceding period. These breaches attracted compensatory payments of approximately \$24.6 million, all of which were applied automatically to the affected customers' accounts.

Similar to the previous period, Guaranteed Standards regarding *Estimated Bills* (which restricts JPS from sending more than two consecutive estimates without a penalty), *Reconnection* (which requires that JPS restores supply within 24 hours of

payment of overdue amounts) and *Connection to Supply* (which prescribes the time within which JPS is to make a simple connection) accounted for the highest incidents of breaches (see Figure 6). These standards accounted for 99% of breaches and compensatory payments.

**Figure 6: JPS Reported GS Breaches**



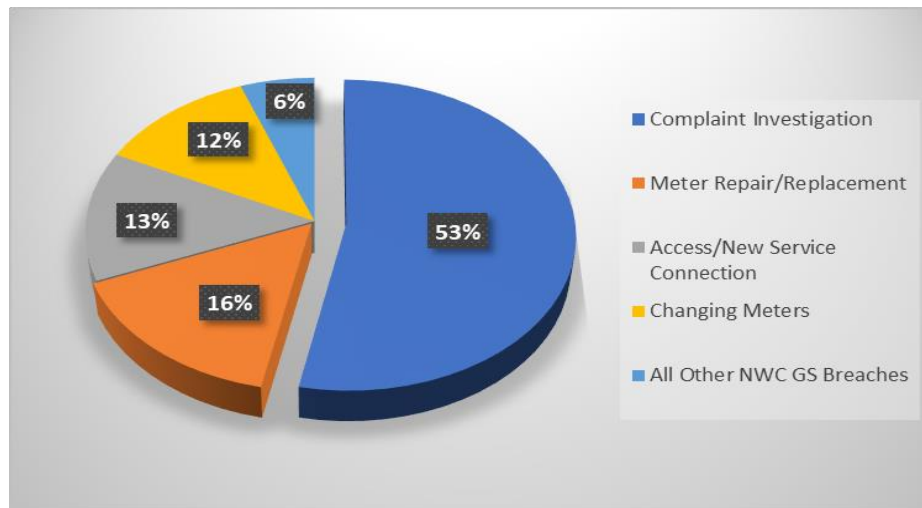
### NWC

The NWC's Guaranteed Standards compliance report for the review period indicates that 2,343 breaches were committed during the review period; representing a 52% increase when compared with the preceding period. These breaches had a potential payout of approximately \$9.3 million while actual payments amounted to approximately \$1.6 million, or 18% of total potential payments, and were made by way of automatic credits to the affected accounts. The remaining 82% of potential payments not made, represented those breaches for which the required claim forms were not submitted for validation.

As shown in Figure 7, the standards with the highest incidents of breaches for the NWC were: Complaint Investigations (which requires that the NWC completes investigations and responds or provides an update within 30 working days of receipt of a complaint); Meter Repair/Replacement (which stipulates that defective meters are to be verified, repaired/replaced within 20 working days); Access/New Service

Connection (which requires NWC to connect a new supply within 10 working days); and Changing Meter (which requires the NWC to provide customers with details of the date, meter reading and serial number of replacement meter). These four (4) standards represented 94% of total breaches of potential payments respectively.

**Figure 7: NWC Reported GS Breaches**



### Private/Small Water and/or Sewerage Service Providers' Guaranteed Standards Report

In keeping with the provisions of their Licences and OUR Determination Notices, eight (8) licenced Private/Small Water and/or Sewerage Service Providers (PWSSP) are required to submit quarterly reports on their Quality of Service (QoS) standards performance, which include the Guaranteed and relevant Overall Standards. In addition, the OUR has since 2021 June, held two (2) workshops with these service providers to reinforce and remind these service providers about their QoS reporting requirements and other obligations. The OUR has also sent periodic reminders to these service providers about QoS report submissions.

As is shown in Table 3, the PWSSP were mostly compliant as seven (7) of the eight (8), representing 88%, submitted their QoS reports for the 2022 July - September period, with 71% being received within the stipulated timeline. Landmark Developers Limited continues to be the only PWSSP that has not submitted the required quarterly QoS reports.

**Table 3: Private/Small Water and Sewerage Service Providers' QoS Reporting Requirements and Submissions**

Licencees to Submit Quarterly QoS Reports	2022 July-September	
	Due Date	Submission Date
Can-Cara Development Ltd. (CDL)	2022.11.14	2022.11.10
Dynamic Environmental Services Ltd. (DEML)		2022.11.21
Dairy Spring Ltd. (DSL)		2022.11.10
Runaway Bay Water Company Ltd (RBWC)		2022.10.31
Landmark Developers Ltd (LDL)		<b>NOT RECEIVED</b>
St. Jago Hills Development Company Ltd. (SJHDC)		2022.11.15
Richmond Environmental Services Ltd. (RESL)		2022.11.11
Tryall Golf and Beach Club (TGBC)		2022.11.11

Analysis of the quarterly GS reports received from the PWSSP indicates that they committed 167 GS breaches; representing a 6% increase when compared with the preceding period. For these breaches, potential compensation amounted to \$625,058.20 with no actual payments being made. Details of the GS breaches and compensation for these service providers are provided in Table 4.

**Table 4: GS Breaches and Compensation for Private/Small Water and/or Sewerage Service Providers**

Service Providers	Total Breaches	Potential Compensation (\$)	Actual Payments (\$)
Can-Cara Development Ltd.	8	23,656.96	0
Dairy Spring Ltd.	0	0	0
DEML	153	571,161.24	0
RESL	0	0	0
RBWC	0	0	0
SJHDC	0	0	0
TGBC	6	30,240.00	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>171</b>	<b>625,058.20</b>	<b>0</b>

\*The OUR has not yet determined the compensation mechanism for RESL.

The analysis also showed that 93% of the breaches and potential compensation were associated with GS 6/GS 7– *Meter Reading* (which requires all these service providers to bill accounts monthly based on meter readings, where there is access to the meters). Except for TGBC, the compensation for a breach of this GS is to be applied automatically to the affected customers' accounts. DEML and Tryall Golf and Beach Club (TGBC) accounted for 149 (89%) and 6 (4%) of GS 6/GS 7 breaches respectively. DEML indicated that no compensation was paid for the 149 GS 6 breaches as the meters were inaccessible.



In relation to GS 5 – Meter Repair or Replacement - the reports indicate that this standard accounted for 6% of breaches. Can-Cara Development Ltd. (CDL) and DEML committed 7 (4%) and 4 (2%) breaches respectively. For CDL, the compensation is to be automatically applied to the affected customer's accounts. However, CDL advised that the applicable compensation was not paid due to the lack of meters resulting from supply chain challenges. For DEML, this breach requires the submission of a claim form.

The remaining 1% of GS breaches committed by the PWSSP that required the submission of claim forms for validation and compensation payments were:

- GS 1 – Issue of 1<sup>st</sup> Bill. Four (4) breaches for DEML; and
- GS 3(b) – Complaint Investigation. One (1) breach for CDL.

## Chapter 4: Customer Contact Centre/Call Centre Performance Reports

In recognition of the important role of Customer Contact Centres (Call Centres) in customer service delivery, the OUR has deemed it necessary to include a report on the performance of the JPS and NWC Call Centres. Here, focus is placed on the Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) on general customer satisfaction levels for NWC and JPS, which includes their performance on First Call Resolution Rate (FCR).

### NWC:

The NWC Call Centre report for the review period indicates a general improvement in performance when compared with the preceding period. As seen in Table 5, *Average Speed of Answer*, *Average Talk Time* and *Call Handle Time* decreased by thirteen (13), thirty (30), and twenty (20) seconds respectively. *Percentage of Abandoned Calls* fell by one percentage point to 1% and *Percentage Service Level* increased by one percentage points to 91%, over with the preceding period. Additionally, although the NWC's FCR performance increased by seven percentage points to 65%, it was five percentage points below the agreed target of 70%.

**Table 5: NWC's Call Centre Performance**

### Performance 2022

<i>KPIs</i>	<b>KPI Definition</b>	Jan-Mar	Apr - Jun	Jul-Sept
<i>Average Speed of Answer</i>	Average time for answering calls	0:00:39	0:00:25	0:00:12
<i>Average Talk Time</i>	Average time spent talking to customers	0:05:56	0:05:42	0:05:12
<i>Average Length of Calls (Call Handle Time)</i>	Combination of Average Talk Time, Average After Call Work and Hold Time	0:10:38	0:06:47	0:06:27
<i>Percentage of Abandoned Calls</i>	Percentage of calls not serviced	5%	2%	1%

<i>Percentage Service Level</i>	Percentage of calls answered within 20 seconds	83%	90%	91%
<i>First Call Resolution Rate</i>	Customer's complaint/issue being resolved/solved at the first point of contact with the Call Centre <sup>2</sup>	N/A	58%	65%

**JPS:**

The review of JPS's Call Centre report for the reporting period indicates some improvement in performance when compared with the preceding period. As seen in Table 6, *Average Speed of Answer* decreased by two minutes and seventeen seconds, *Average Talk Time* decreased by three seconds and *Percentage of Abandoned Calls* decreased by nine percentage points over the preceding period. Performance in *Percentage Service Level* and *Average Handle Time* remained the same as the preceding period. In addition, JPS at 73.4%, exceeded the established performance target for FCR by 3.4 percentage points.

**Table 6: JPS Call Centre Performance***Performance 2022*

<i>KPIs</i>	KPI Definition	Jan - Mar	Apr - Jun	<b>Jul - Sept</b>
<i>Average Speed of Answer</i>	Average time for answering calls <sup>3</sup>	0:02:10	0:04:47	<b>0:02:30</b>
<i>Average Talk Time</i>	Average time spent talking to customers	0:05:50	0:05:16	<b>0:05:13</b>
<i>Average Length of Calls (Call Handle Time)</i>	Combination of Average Talk Time, Average After Call Work and Hold Time <sup>4</sup>	0:06:16	0:06:20	<b>0:06:20</b>

<sup>2</sup> Established FCR target for NWC & JPS is 70%

<sup>3</sup> Within 20 seconds, as per the international standard

<sup>4</sup> Goal of no more than 5 minutes set by JPS

<i>Percentage of Abandoned Calls</i>	Percentage of calls not serviced <sup>5</sup>	10%	27%	18%
<i>Service Level Answer</i>	Percentage of calls answered within 20 seconds <sup>6</sup>	62%	38%	38%
<i>First Call Resolution Rate</i>	Customer's complaint/issue being resolved/solved at the first point of contact with the Call Centre	N/A	73.5%	73.4%

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<sup>5</sup> Less than or equal to 8%

<sup>6</sup> Goal of 82% set by JPS

## Chapter 5: Notification of Planned Outages Report

As part of their agreed Quality of Service Standards, the JPS and NWC are required to submit reports relating to their performance in notifying customers within a specified timeline about planned outages. This standard is a part of the Overall Standards for JPS (EOS 1) and the Performance Targets for the NWC.

### **JPS:**

JPS failed to submit its EOS 1 report for the reporting period in keeping with its regulatory reporting requirement.

### **NWC:**

The NWC performance targets provide for a 98% attainment rate for 12 hours' advance notification of planned service interruptions of a duration of no more than 4 hours. However, where a planned interruption is expected to be for more than four hours, the NWC is required to give advanced notice of at least 24 hours, at a 90% attainment rate.

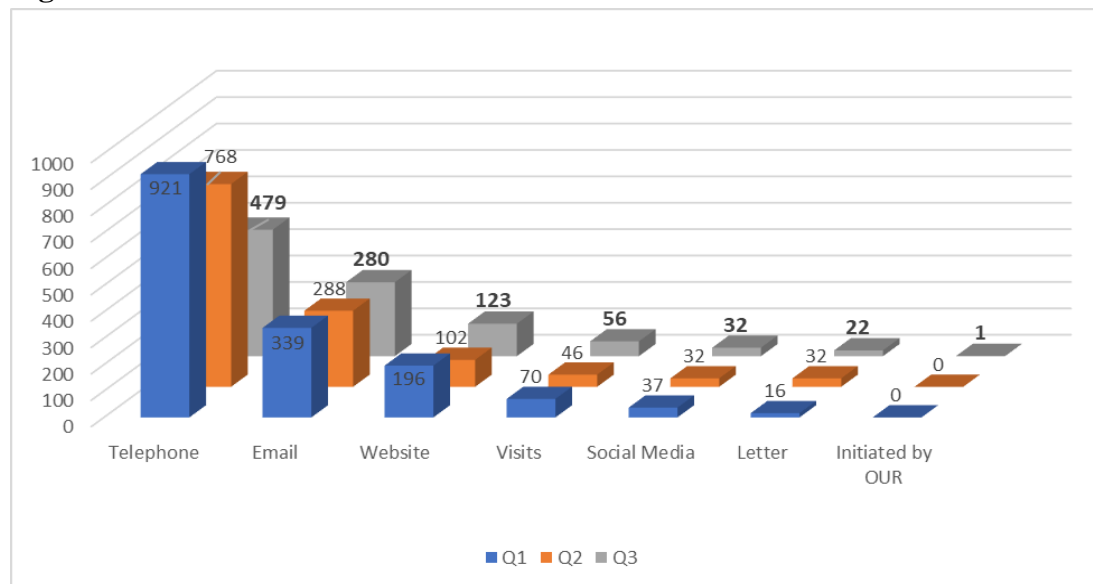
Based on the NWC's notifications to the public for service interruptions its performance is as follows:

- (a) **Duration of more than four hours** - the NWC attained a compliance rating of 67% to provide at least 12 hours advanced notice, which was 31% less than the 98% established target. Four (4) of the six (6) related notifications received were complaint.
- (b) **Duration greater than four hours** - the NWC attained a compliance rating of 70% to provide at least 24 hours' advance notice, which was 20% short of the established 90% compliance target. Of the 44 related notifications received, 31 complied with the stated target.

## Chapter 6: Customer Contact Distribution

At 479 (48%), the telephone continued to be the most frequently used method for customers contacting the OUR. Emails followed with 280 (28%) while the website and visits each accounted for 123 (12%) and 56 (6%) respectively. Contacts received via social media, letters, and those OUR initiated accounted for the remaining 6%. Figure 8 provides further details.

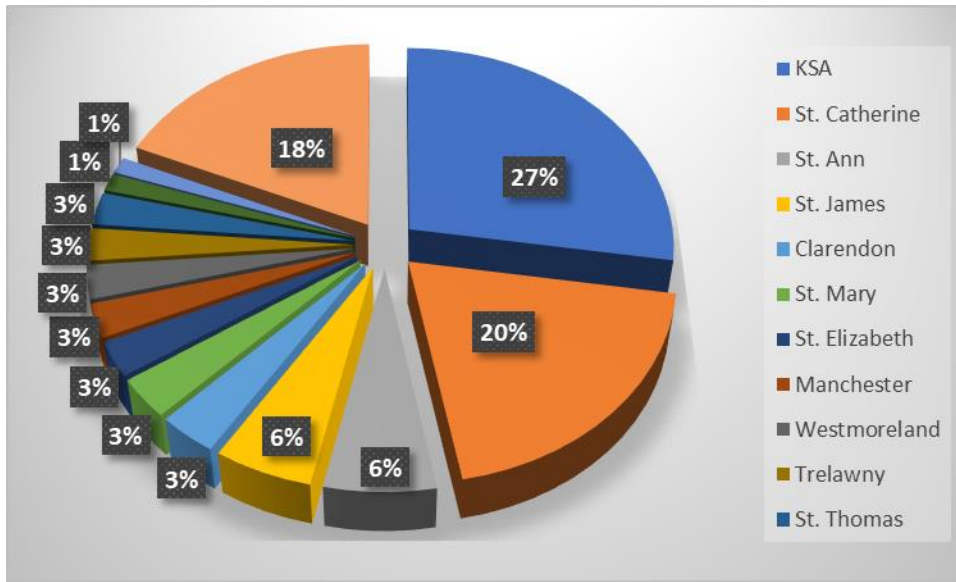
**Figure 8: Methods of Contact**



### Geographical Distribution of Contacts

Kingston and St. Andrew, at 27%, continued to account for the highest number of total contacts. St. Catherine, St. Ann and St. James followed with 20%, 6% and 6% respectively. All other parishes each had a share of 3% or less. Eighteen percent (18%) of the contacts received provided no information on their location/parish or the information was not recorded. Details are provided in Figure 9.

**Figure 9: Geographic Distribution of Contacts**



## Chapter 6: Appeals Performance

### (i) Closure of Appeals <sup>7</sup>

Eight (8) appeals were closed during the review period with one (1) being resolved in the customers favour and a compromised being reached for another. One (1 ) was withdrawn by the customer while the remaining five (5) were resolved in favour of the service provider. Six (or 75%) of the closed appeals were resolved within the established sixty-five (65) working days while two (25%) exceeded the established timeline.

### (ii) Outstanding Appeals<sup>8</sup>

At the end of the review period, five (5) appeals remained outstanding, in that they exceeded the established 65 business days for resolution. Of these appeals three (3) were awaiting OUR's action while both JPS and NWC are to submit one response each for the remaining two (2) outstanding appeals.

JPS accounts for four (4) outstanding appeals which relate to two (2) cases of equipment damage, one (1) property damage and one (1) billing related matter. The NWC accounts for the remaining outstanding appeal which is a billing matter.

### Appeals Process Resolution Rate

All relevant information was received within the established timeline for the three (3) new appeals that were accepted for investigation. Final decisions were made and communicated to customers (by way of Final Letters) for all three (or 100%) within the established 65 working days. Further details on the CAU's performance on some key Appeals Process activities are provided in Table 11, Appendix I.

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<sup>7</sup> Breakdown of Appeals Closures can be seen in Table 9 on page 27

<sup>8</sup> Breakdown of Outstanding Appeals can be seen in Table 10 on page 27



## Chapter 7: Consumer Affairs Highlights

### (i) Credits/Compensation

Through the OUR's intervention, \$358,757.35 was secured for utility consumers. Of this amount, NWC and JPS accounted for \$348,887.35 (97%) and \$9,900 respectively.

### (ii) OUR seeking customer feedback after Contact with its Consumer Affairs Unit

In its effort to continually improve its service delivery, the OUR's Consumer Affairs Unit (CAU) in 2022 September commenced seeking feedback from utility customers with whom it has had interactions, specifically those customers who can be contacted through email and social media.

Following their contact, these customers are sent a short questionnaire through Survey Monkey which is geared towards getting their views on their level of satisfaction with the service provided by the CAU.

This initiative is in addition to other measures previously implemented to garner customer's views on the services provided by the CAU. Already, customers who visit are asked to complete a questionnaire and call backs are also made to those customers for whom we have a telephone number.

The feedback from customers is integral to ensuring that we employ the most appropriate and effective measures to provide the quality service that they deserve. We therefore encourage customers who contact us to participate in the various surveys and provide us with their valuable feedback.

## Appendices:

## Appendix I: List of Tables: 2022 July - September

Table 7: Contact Activity Summary (All Utilities)

A	Description	JPS	NWC	C&WJ (FLOW)			Columbus		Digicel			Private Telecoms	Private Water	OUR/Other (Not Utility)	Total
				Internet	Landline	Mobile	Internet	Landline	Internet	Landline	Mobile				
<b>A</b>	<b>Contacts for the Quarter</b>														
(i)	New Appeals	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
(ii)	New Complaints	238	89	5	4	10	87	16	9	1	7	1	0	12	479
(iii)	New Enquires	11	8	2	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	2	27
(iv)	New Opinions	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	4
(v)	New Referrals	260	168	0	0	9	21	2	5	0	3	0	1	11	480
	<b>Total Contacts</b>	<b>512</b>	<b>268</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>108</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>993</b>
<b>B</b>	<b>Closure/Resolution of Appeals:</b>														
(i)	Compromise	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
(ii)	Resolved in Favour of Customer	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
(iii)	Resolved in faour of utility	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
(iii)	Withdrawn by customer	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	<b>Total Closures</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>8</b>
<b>C</b>	<b>Total Appeals from Previous Periods:</b>														
	<b>Outstanding Appeals with OUR</b>														
(i)	Undergoing Analysis/Determination	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
(ii)	Awaiting Service Provider's Response	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
	<b>Total Outstanding Appeals</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>5</b>

Table 8: Distribution of Contacts by Categories

Complaint Category	Service Providers									Total
	JPS	NWC	Digicel	C&WJ (FLOW)	Columbus Communications (Flow)	Small/Private Telecoms Provider (Logic One)	Small/Private Water/Sewerage Providers (DEML)	OUR/Other (Not Utility Related)		
Billing Matters	261	171	5	6	29	0	0	0	472	
Broken Main	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	
Customer Service	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	
Defective Street Lights	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
Disconnection	23	13	2	2	8	0	0	0	48	
Equipment Damage	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	12	
Guaranteed Standards	18	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	31	
Guaranteed Standards Query	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	
Health & Safety	21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	21	
Illegal Connections	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	
Interruption of Service	82	22	3	6	39	0	0	4	156	
Irregular Supply	13	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	21	
Leak at Meter	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	
Metering	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	
Number Portability	0	0	3	1	2	0	0	0	6	
Other	32	16	5	2	15	0	1	18	89	
Payment Arrangement	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
Prepaid Phone Credit	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Phone Credit Depletion	0	0	2	3	0	0	0	0	5	
Poor Service Quality	13	1	4	0	8	0	0	0	26	
Prepaid Metering Service	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
Property Damage	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	4	
Reconnection	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	
Rebate	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	7	
Refund	3	2	1	1	9	0	0	1	17	
Security Deposit	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	
Service Connection	9	2	1	2	5	0	0	0	19	
Terms and Condition of Service	2	3	3	7	3	0	0	1	19	
Unable to get through to Provider	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	
Unavailability of Facility	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	
<b>Total</b>	<b>512</b>	<b>268</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>126</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>993</b>	

Table 9: Distribution of Closed Appeals by Utilities

Appeal Category	Service Providers		Total
	JPS	NWC	
Billing Matters	5	2	7
Equipment Damage	1	0	1
<b>Total</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>8</b>

Table 10: Distribution of Appeals (Outstanding)

Appeal Category	Service Providers		Total
	JPS	NWC	
Billing Matters	1	1	2
Equipment Damage	2	0	2
Property Damage	1	0	1
<b>Total</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>5</b>

Table 11: CAU's Performance on Service Standards (New Appeals)

<b>Activity</b>	<b>Service Standards</b>	<b>% Compliance</b>	<b>Comment</b>
Acknowledgement of Appeals	Within 2 business days of receipt of customer's correspondence	100%	All three (3) new appeals were acknowledged within the established timeline.
Case Letters/ Other Utility Contact	Within 5 business days of acknowledging customer's correspondence	100%	All three (3) Case Letters were dispatched within the stipulated 5 business days.
Correspondence Copied to Customer	Customer is to be copied on all correspondence submitted to the utilities pertaining to their complaint	100%	
Final Response	Within the established timeline of receipt of all necessary information from relevant parties	100%	Final responses were prepared and dispatched within the established timeline for all three new appeals received.

## Appendix II: List of Figures

- Figure 1: Distribution of Contacts per 100,000 of Customer Base
- Figure 2: Distribution of Billing Contacts per 100,000 of Customer Base
- Figure 3: Main Customer Concerns
- Figure 4: Quarterly Service Interruption Contacts
- Figure 5: Guaranteed Standards Contacts
- Figure 6: JPS Reported GS Breaches
- Figure 7: NWC Reported GS Breaches
- Figure 8: Methods of Contact
- Figure 9: Geographic Distribution of Contacts

### Appendix III: Definition Of Terms Used In Documenting Customer Contacts

Appeal:	Any contact in which the utility company has completed an investigation into a customer's complaint, the customer remains dissatisfied with the outcome and writes to the OUR asking for an independent investigation of the matter.
Complaint:	Any contact from consumers who feel that particular action(s) of a utility service provider might have been in breach of their Terms and Conditions or might have been unfair to them. The OUR provides investigation for complaints as is necessary. Acceptance of complaints does not require submission of a written response from the service provider.
Customer Contact:	Any contact made to the OUR to register an appeal, inquiry, opinion, etc. Contact can be made through the telephone, post, electronic channels (emails, website, and Facebook page) and visits.
Enquiry:	Any contact requiring verification/confirmation of information relating to the OUR, a utility service, policy and/or practice, etc.
Equipment Damage:	Damage caused to customers' equipment as a result of alleged action or inaction of their service provider.
Interruption of Service:	Where no service is provided, usually for an extended period.
Irregular supply:	Where service is not provided regularly and in keeping with the Terms and Conditions of Service/Contract.
Opinion:	Any contact expressing a view about the actions, practice or terms of service, etc. of a utility company or the OUR.
Referral:	Any contact advised by the OUR to consult the relevant utility company because the complainant had not initially utilized or exhausted the complaint procedure within the relevant utility company.
Refund:	Amounts credited to customers' accounts for breaches of the service provider's Terms and Conditions of Service/Contract
Resolution:	Where the OUR communicates its decision on customers' appeals and complaints
Resolution Rate:	The percentage of resolutions that are made within the established timelines

#### Appendix IV: Statement on Confidentiality of Telecommunications Service Provider Information

Information on the customer base of the telecommunication companies was used in some of the calculations contained in the QPR, pursuant to Section 7A of the Telecommunication Act – Amended. The referenced section states, in part:

“...the following information is not required to be regarded and dealt with as secret and confidential namely -

- (a) information that will facilitate customers in their choice of facilities or specified services and the development of the telecommunications industry; and
- (b) information relating to the –
  - (i) quality of service measurements;
  - (ii) prices charged to customers or to other licensees;
  - (iii) network coverage of licensees;
  - (iv) market share of licensees;
  - (v) volume of services of licensees however measured
  - (vi) subscriber base of licensees; and
  - (vii) capacity and usage of international submarine cables

## Appendix V: Appeals Process

The activities of utility companies are guided by “terms and conditions” within their license and/or Act. There are occasions, however, when consumers feel that particular action(s) of a utility company might have been in breach of the utility’s “terms and conditions” or might have been unfair to them. In such circumstances, the OUR is an avenue for recourse in having any such wrong investigated and addressed through our appeals process.

Prior to submitting an appeal to the OUR, consumers are expected and encouraged to first take the complaint, or issues giving rise to the complaint, up to the level of a senior officer at the respective utility company. The hearing of grievances is a consumer’s right and utilities are obliged to review such matters with the aim of having the issue addressed or clarified.

## Appendix VI: CAU Internal Performance Standards

### Process Timeline for General Appeals

<u>Description</u>	<u>Timelines</u>
Acknowledging correspondence & Assigning Appeal	2 (Two) working days
Case Letter Preparation	5 (Five) working days
Receive JPS’ Response/Update	30 working days <sup>9</sup>
Review of Provider Response & prepare Follow-Up (F/U) Case letter or issue Directive (where necessary)	10 working days
Receive response to F/U Case Letter	5 (Five) working days
Review Response to F/U Case Letter	5 (Five) working days <sup>10</sup>
Final Letter Preparation (Draft)	5 (Five) working days
Supervisor’s Review of Final Letter	2 (Two) working days
Dispatch Final Letter	1 working day
<b>Total</b>	<b>65 working days</b>

<sup>9</sup> Where, based on exceptional circumstances, JPS requires additional time to provide the response to a Case Letter, same is to be communicated to the OUR within five (5) working days of the Case Letter date. The rationale for the additional time must be outlined in the request. The OUR will provide a response to the request within two (2) working days.

<sup>10</sup> Subsequent to the review of the providers’ response to OUR’s Case Letter, Follow-up Case Letter or Directive issued, the appeal may be escalated to the Supervisor, Manager or Director and would then be treated as a Special Appeal.

### Special Appeals

There are appeals that, based on the nature of the issue, may require expertise and/or resources that do not reside in the designated units of the OUR and JPS to effectively resolve same. Accordingly, the classification of “Special Appeals” was revised to provide additional time to both parties to complete their investigation of these matters.

Where necessary, an additional fifteen (15) working days is allotted to JPS to respond to Follow-up Case Letters sent by the OUR. These appeals will thereafter be reclassified as Special Appeals. The OUR has also reduced its consultation time to review Special Appeals from twenty (20) to fifteen (15) working days. Accordingly, the total time allotted to complete the review of a Special Appeal for JPS is at 95 working days

### Recommended Service Levels

1. JPS is expected to respond to **OUR’s Case Letters** regarding customer’s appeals within **thirty (30) working days** of receipt. The company is also expected to acknowledge receipt of our Case Letters within five (5) working days of receipt.
2. JPS is expected to respond to the OUR’s follow-up case letter within five (5) working days of receipt for General appeals. However, where necessary, JPS shall notify the OUR within five (5) working days of receipt of the Follow-up Case letter that additional time is required to provide the response. Such Appeals shall then be reclassified as a Special Appeal with the JPS being allotted a total of twenty (20) working days to provide the response, from the date of the Follow-up Case Letter.
3. The OUR’s Final Letter to the customer is to be dispatched within **eighteen (18) working days** of receipt of utilities’ response (where no Follow-up Case Letter was sent). JPS will be provided with a copy of the Final Letter.
4. The OUR is expected to complete investigations of JPS appeals within the following timelines:
  - **Sixty-five (65) working days** for GENERAL APPEALS (which do not require external consultation)
  - **Ninety-five (95) working days** for Equipment Damage Appeals (which do not require external consultation)
5. The Utility company is to extend the hold on the customer’s account for thirty **(30) days** subsequent to receiving OUR’s final response to allow the customer to make arrangements for the balances that are outstanding and/or give the customer time to appeal to the Director – Consumer & Public Affairs.

### Appendix VII: Process Timelines for NWC Appeals

<b><u>Description</u></b>	<b><u>Timelines</u></b>
Acknowledging correspondence & Assigning Appeal	2 working days
Case Letter Preparation	5 working days



Receive NWC's Response/Update	30 working days
Review of Provider Response & prepare Follow-Up (F/U) Case letter or issue Directive (where necessary)	10 working days
Receive response to F/U Case Letter	5 working days
Review Response to F/U Case Letter	5 working days <sup>11</sup>
Final Letter Preparation (Draft)	5 working days
Supervisor's Review of Final Letter	2 working days
Dispatch Final Letter	1 working day
<b>Total</b>	<b>65 working days</b>

### Special Appeals

There are appeals that, based on the nature of the issue, may require expertise and/or resources that do not reside in the designated units of the OUR and NWC to effectively resolve same. Accordingly, the classification of "Special Appeals" was revised to provide additional time to both parties to complete their investigation of these matters.

Where necessary, an additional five (5) working days is allotted to the NWC to respond to Follow-up Case Letters sent by the OUR. These appeals will thereafter be reclassified as Special Appeals. The OUR has also reduced its time to review Special Appeal from twenty (20) to fifteen (15) working days; thereby retaining the completion timeline for Special Appeals at 85 working days.

### Other Appeals Activities:

Monthly reports detailing the appeals for which the responses are outstanding will be generated and sent to the NWC. Where the responses/updates are not received within ten (10) working days of submission of the report, the matter will be escalated to the Vice President – Investment and Performance Monitoring, NWC, for action. Similarly, the CAU will provide NWC with a monthly update on appeals for which our responses are outstanding.

As a consequence, the following are the proposed Service Level Agreements (SLAs) to which the utility companies will be accountable. It is being recommended that the following be agreed upon by all parties and published:

### Recommended Service Levels

<sup>11</sup> Subsequent to the review of the providers' response to OUR's Case Letter, Follow-up Case Letter or Directive issued, the appeal may be escalated to the Supervisor, Manager or Director and would then be treated as a Special Appeal.

NWC is expected to respond to **OUR's Case Letters** regarding customer's appeals within **thirty (30) working days** of receipt. The Commission is also expected to acknowledge receipt of our Case Letters within five (5) working days.

NWC is expected to respond to the **OUR's follow-up case letter** within **FIVE (5) working days of receipt for General appeals**. However, where necessary, the NWC shall notify the OUR within **FIVE (5) working days of receipt of the Follow-up Case letter that additional time is required to provide the response**. Such Appeals shall then be reclassified as a Special Appeal with the NWC being allotted a total of ten (10) working days to provide the response, from the date of the Follow-up Case Letter.

The OUR's Final Letter to the customer is to be dispatched within **EIGHTEEN (18) working days** of receipt of the NWC's response (where no Follow-up Case Letter was sent). The NWC will be provided with a copy of the Final Letter.

The OUR is expected to complete investigations of NWC appeals within the following timelines:

- **SIXTY-FIVE (65) working days** for GENERAL APPEALS (which do not require external consultation)
- **EIGHTY-FIVE (85) working days** for SPECIAL APPEALS (Appeals which require external consultation)

The Utility company is to extend the hold on the customer's account for thirty **(30) days** subsequent to receiving OUR's final response to allow the customer to make arrangements for the balances that are outstanding and/or give the customer time to appeal to the Director – Consumer & Public Affairs.

## Appendix VIII: List of Acronyms

Can Cara	-	Can Cara Development Limited (Water & Sewerage Provider)
CPA	-	Consumer and Public Affairs Department (OUR)
CAU	-	Consumer Affairs Unit (OUR)
DEML	-	Dynamic Environmental Management Limited (Water and Sewerage Provider)
Dekal	-	Dekal Wireless Ltd. (Telecommunications Provider)
Flow Service	-	Columbus Communications Jamaica Ltd. (Flow) - Telecommunication Provider
FLOW	-	Cable & Wireless Jamaica Ltd. (C&WJ) Flow
JPS	-	Jamaica Public Service Company Ltd. (Electricity Provider)
KSA	-	Kingston & St. Andrew
NWC	-	National Water Commission (Water & Sewerage Provider)
OUR	-	Office of Utilities Regulation
OURIC	-	Office of Utilities Regulation Information Centre
The Office	-	Comprises 6 members and is headed by a Chairman with the Director General serving as an <i>ex officio</i> member